

Mentor Handbook





In2science acknowledges the people of the Woiwurrung, Boonwurrung, and Wadawurrung language groups of the Kulin Nation, on whose unceded lands we work. We pay our respects to their Elders past and present, as well as the Traditional Custodians of the lands across Victoria and Australia on which we engage schools.

In2science celebrates and acknowledges First Nations people as our first scientists.

INTRODUCTION



Throughout your 10-week placement, you may cover a lot of information with your students about science/maths, uni life, and their future aspirations. This process has the potential to have a significant impact on their perception of STEM. Along the way, you should find that it's quite easy to maintain a relaxed and friendly relationship with the students in your classroom.



This guide provides useful information and resources to help you gain confidence in your mentoring ability. You may not encounter all the topics listed in this guide and there may be discussions and activities that form organically depending on the students' and your host teacher's needs.



This guide contains essential information about what to expect from your placement, how the host teacher may use you in the classroom, introducing yourself to the class, tips and tricks for a successful placement, and finally, a template to help you reflect on your mentor journey with In2science. Have fun!

YOUR PLACEMENT CHECKLIST





Sign in at the school office/reception



Bring your WWCC card with you



Wear a name tag (first name only)



Dress respectfully in neat casual clothes



Keep mobile phone use for emergencies only while on campus



Let the teacher & your In2science Coordinator know if you are sick



Email your teacher regularly



Check your emails for In2science information frequently



Check relevant chat platform (e.g. Teams, WhatsApp) once a week



Have fun!

WHAT TO EXPECT IN THE CLASSROOM

How the teacher integrates you into their classroom may evolve during your placement as the teacher and students get to know you and as your confidence engaging with the students develops.

There are three main ways that teachers may utilise their mentors:



1. As another pair of hands and eyes in the classroom, working with the class as whole



2. Providing some extension or extra challenges to particularly engaged and keen students



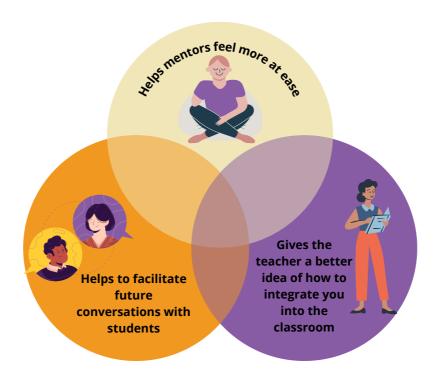
3. As extra support and inspiration for discouraged and uninterested students

It is important to have a short meeting with your teacher (in-person, online, or on the phone) before your placement starts to discuss how they may wish to utilise you in the classroom

Be flexible with regard to your host teacher's suggestions, and maintain open communication. This will help you get the most out of your placement and be an asset in the classroom. However, make sure that you only do what you are comfortable with. If your teacher asks you to do something you're not yet ready for, suggest a different strategy until you grow more confident interacting with the students.

INTRODUCING YOURSELF TO THE CLASS

You will have seen the mentor introduction activity as part of the online induction module. The information below is a reminder of what to do. Feedback from teachers and past mentors indicated that giving a brief introductory presentation during your first class about who you are and why you're there:



In short, it will make future visits much easier for you! Remember you can use our Mentor Introduction Template to create an image-only PowerPoint to accompany your introduction. Feel free to edit this as you like! (background colour, font, etc.)

After pre-placement training:

- Tweak your introduction until your first mentoring visit practise with a friend or with your In2science Coordinator! You can extend it to 10 min long if you like.
- Feel free to ask your In2science Coordinator to have a look through your presentation. Send your PowerPoint to the teacher before your first visit. Also, make sure you have a copy on a USB when you attend the class.
- In your first class: introduce yourself!

TOP TIPS FOR YOUR INTRODUCTION

- SMILE especially if you're a bit nervous!
- **Keep it short and snappy!** No more than 10 minutes all up (practice your timing). Pick 1-2 points for each part of your Introduction, rather than trying to cover them all. With anything you don't cover, you could use one idea each week as a conversation starter.
- A narrative about who you are. E.g. 'I got into engineering because I really loved physics, which I discovered through watching Brian Cox videos in high school...', is much more memorable than a discrete set of facts ('I studied physics. I like engineering. I like cats...').
- **Throw in a question!** It helps to keep the students actively engaged.
- Use the Mentor Introduction Template we've designed keep text to a minimum and use a few great images!
- **Practise really does make perfect.** You'll be much more confident and enthusiastic if you're not thinking about what to say on the spot.

DIVERSITY IN THE CLASSROOM

1. Neurodiversity

These are useful for engaging with ALL students, but especially those who are neurodivergent.

- <u>www.amaze.org.au/wp-content/uploads/2019/08/Amaze-Information-Sheet-How-to-communicate-effectively-with-autistic-people 2023FINAL.pdf</u>
- <u>theeducationhub.org.nz/neurodiversity-an-overview</u>

Take time to think about what you'll say.
Use keywords, be concise, and avoid slang and metaphors

Allow for thinking time & communicate one idea at a time

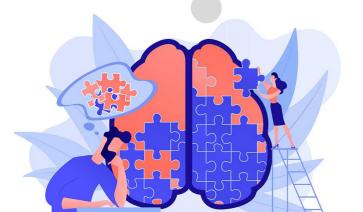
Be aware of your tone and speed - Speak slowly and with a consistent, warm tone Let students know you're always happy to explain things in different ways

Simplify your language

Be patient with students, let them process what you've said before moving on

> Let the students know the plan/schedule

Be warm and open, check whether students have understood, and offer to explain it using other means such as: comparisons, imagery, breaking it down more

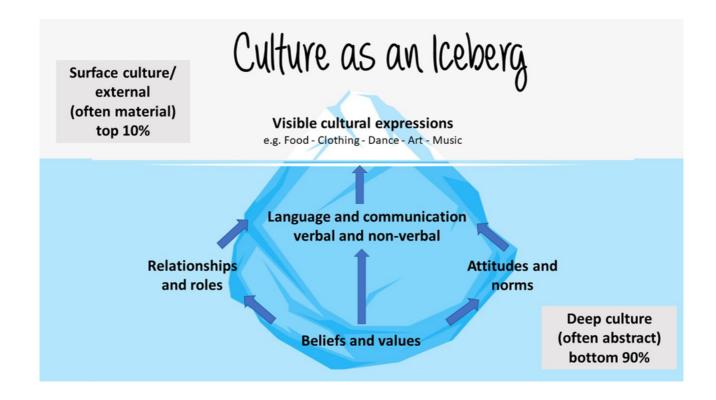


DIVERSITY IN THE CLASSROOM

2. Cultural diversity

Classrooms are diverse spaces with students from a range of cultural and religious backgrounds, and therefore it is important to be mindful of this during your interactions. Mentors and educators should embrace diversity and foster culturally inclusive classrooms designed to help every student succeed. You can do the same with your classroom by:

- Building your cultural knowledge
- Practicing good communication skills (verbally and non-verbally)
- Celebrating traditional festivals, holidays, and food





DIVERSITY IN THE CLASSROOM

3. Gender diversity

Gender diversity is an umbrella term that is used to describe gender identities that demonstrate a diversity of expression beyond the binary framework. Pronouns are one way we can navigate this topic: pronouns.minus18.org.au



Gender-neutral terms to address a group:

- Kids
- Pals
- Friends
- Everyone
- Kiddos
- Team
- Folks
- Epic humans
- Scientists
- Mathematicians





WHAT DOES A SUCCESSFUL PLACEMENT LOOK LIKE?

How to be a great mentor:

Be prepared! You don't need to have all the answers, however, it is important to take some time to think about the conversations you may have with students during your placement. Having a peer mentor in the classroom is exciting and interesting to high school students. Be open to their queries and do your best to answer them. If you don't know an answer, it's ok to admit this – make a mental note and try to come back with a response the following week.

Equally, some students will be shy and reserved. In this case, it's important to:

- Ask open-ended questions rather than ones that only need a yes or no response.
- Actively listen to their answers.

You may also try:

- Discussing something outside of the classroom, for example, ask them to tell you about their weekend, which might kick off a discussion about sports, or pets, or siblings, or movies just about anything!
- Sharing a little bit about yourself as well, particularly during your introductory presentation, as this will help establish rapport and common interests.

Questions students may ask you:



Questions to ask the students:



KEY THINGS TO DO (AND NOT DO) DURING PLACEMENT

Working with minors:

During your placement, it is important to recognise that you will be interacting with minors (people under the age of 18) and there are certain key things to keep in mind. Carefully read the list below for what to do, and not do, while in the classroom.

DO:

Try your best to interact with ALL students in the class

Give the students real-life examples of how fun and interesting STEM can be

Make sure you follow the teacher's lead in the classroom

Talk to your teacher privately about any concerns

Recognise your presence is having a positive impact!

DO NOT:

Give out personal details, e.g. email, phone number, social media, etc.

Have inappropriate conversations or interactions with students

Use your phone while on school grounds, unless it is an emergency

Conduct video chats or take video footage while on school grounds

Be alone in the classroom with the students

STEM DISCUSSION TOPICS



STEM Careers

A STEM education leads to a world of career opportunities! Various research studies have indicated that STEM skills will be required in most jobs in the future. Feel free to share your own career plans and what resources/services/people have helped you in your career development so far.

If you're not sure what you want to do in the future, it's ok to be honest and tell the students that.

You could talk about:

- The student's passions and possible pathways: further study options and career ideas
- Choosing VCE subjects that they enjoy and will create options for further study
- Are they considering doing work experience? Where?

Why do you love STEM?

Here is your chance to break all those stereotypes about science and maths! STEM can be crazy, fun, ground-breaking, and life-changing.

- Discuss real-life science: Why are people double-jointed? What is a rainbow?
- Discuss science in the news or on YouTube. Get them to find an article or news report to share.
- Describe your research interests. Ask students if they could research anything at all, what would it be?



FINISHING PLACEMENT



The In2science mentoring placement runs for 10 weeks during the semester, however, if you would like to continue for longer just check with your teacher and Coordinator. Some mentors continue their placement right up until the end of term, but there is no pressure to do so.

When you are coming to the end of your placement, there are a few things to keep in mind:

- Ask your host teacher to set aside 5 to 10 minutes in your last class so that students can complete the post-placement survey.
- Make sure you say goodbye to the students and tell them what you've enjoyed about being their mentor.
- You may have become quite attached to the students while working with them, but please don't give out your personal details or connect with the students on social media. If you want to, you can ask your host teacher to collate any further questions the students have to send to you.

MENTOR JOURNAL

A reflective journal is a private space for you to plan your sessions and reflect on their outcomes. This is an optional part of the program, however, it is strongly encouraged as it can be a great way to organise your thoughts for efficient mentoring sessions with your class. It is also a useful way to reflect on your achievements and might come in handy when you are asked to provide examples of your skills in a job application.



Reflective writing is:

- Your response to experiences, opinions, new information, and your own thoughts and feelings
- A way to achieve clarity and a better understanding of what you are learning
- An approach to considering the impact you have had on your mentees
- A chance to develop and reinforce your writing skills





See below for a template of questions you might like to answer each week. It may be worth either printing the template or getting a notebook to jot down your thoughts.



Session one

Date:

In today's session I interacted with: (e.g. teacher, particular students)

What did I speak about today? (e.g. university, classwork, STEM interests...)

Main challenge for today's placement & how it can be improved for next session:

Challenge



Top win of today's session:



3 transferable skills I learned/developed today (e.g. communication, time management)

- 1
- 2
- 3



Session one

Date:

Next week I would like to focus on...

Things I need to do:

Other thoughts:



CONTACT US!

Don't hesitate to reach out to your Coordinator(s) at any point throughout your placement, they are here to help and make your experience as successful and rewarding as possible!



Email:



MS Teams:



Mobile:

APPENDIX: DEEPER DIVE INTO UNIVERSITY PATHWAYS

If you want to talk to your mentees in more depth about choosing a university and what to study, here are some resources.

For more information about uni entrance procedures/ATAR system/pre-requisites check out these links and/or share with your host teacher and students:

- Victorian Tertiary Entrance Centre (VTAC): <u>www.vtac.edu.au</u>
- The ATAR Explained: <u>learnmate.com.au/atar-explained</u>
- Youth Central: www.youthcentral.vic.gov.au
- La Trobe University undergrad degrees: www.latrobe.edu.au/study/undergrad
- RMIT University entry requirements: www.rmit.edu.au/study-with-us/applying-to-rmit/local-student-applications/entry-requirements
- University of Melbourne undergrad degrees: study.unimelb.edu.au/how-to-apply/undergraduate-study
- Swinburne University of Technology homepage: www.swinburne.edu.au
- Deakin University study: www.deakin.edu.au/study

Other STEM experiences and programs students may wish to explore:

- The Science Experience: <u>www.scienceexperience.com.au</u>
- National Youth Science Forum: www.nysf.edu.au
- SPARK Engineering Camp: studyworkgrow.com.au/event/spark-engineering-camp-melbourne
- University Open Days: www.vtac.edu.au/opendays.html